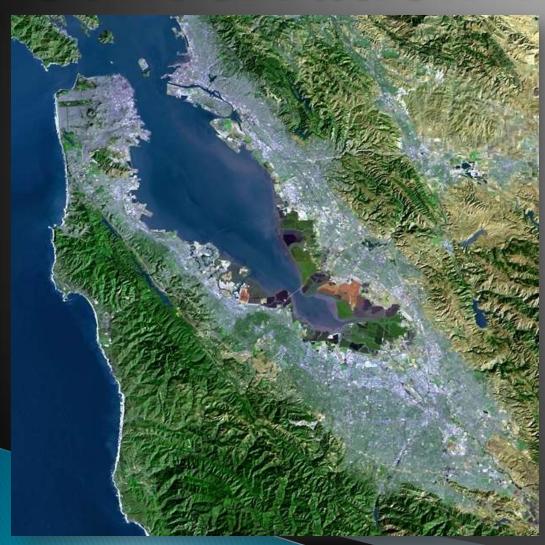
## BAWSCA Water Conservation 101





## Topics

- Introductions
- Water system overview
- Drought Update
  - Governor's order
  - Local actions
- Ways to Conserve
  - Current water use
  - Simple steps to save
  - Leak detection & Reading Your Meter
- Rebate and Incentive Programs



### BAWSCA

### Bay Area Water Supply & Conservation Agency



Special District representing the interests of

- 26 water suppliers in San Mateo, Santa Clara, and Alameda Counties
- 1.7 million residents and over 39,000 businesses
- All rely on the San Francisco Regional Water System



## Member Agencies



#### Legend

- 1 Alameda County Water District
- 2 City of Brisbane
- 3 City of Burlingame
- 4a CWS Bear Gulch
- 4b CWS Mid-Peninsula
- 4D CWS Mid-Ferinsula
- 4c CWS South San Francisco
- 5 Coastside County Water District
- 6 City of Daly City
- 7 City of East Palo Alto
- 8 Estero Municipal Improvement District
- 9 Guadalupe Valley MID
- 10 City of Hayward
- 11 Town of Hillsborough
- 12 City of Menlo Park
- 13 Mid-Peninsula Water District
- 14 City of Millbrae
- 15 City of Milpitas
- 16 City of Mountain View
- 17 North Coast County Water District
- 18 City of Palo Alto
- 19 Purissima Hills Water District
- 20 City of Redwood City
- 21 City of San Bruno
- 22 San Jose Municipal Water System
- 23 City of Santa Clara
- 24 Stanford University
- 25 City of Sunnyvale
- 26 Westborough Water District



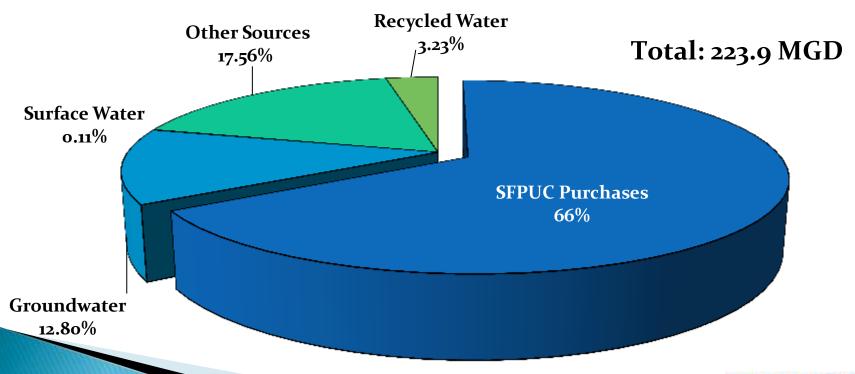
## BAWSCA Agencies Served by the SF Regional Water System





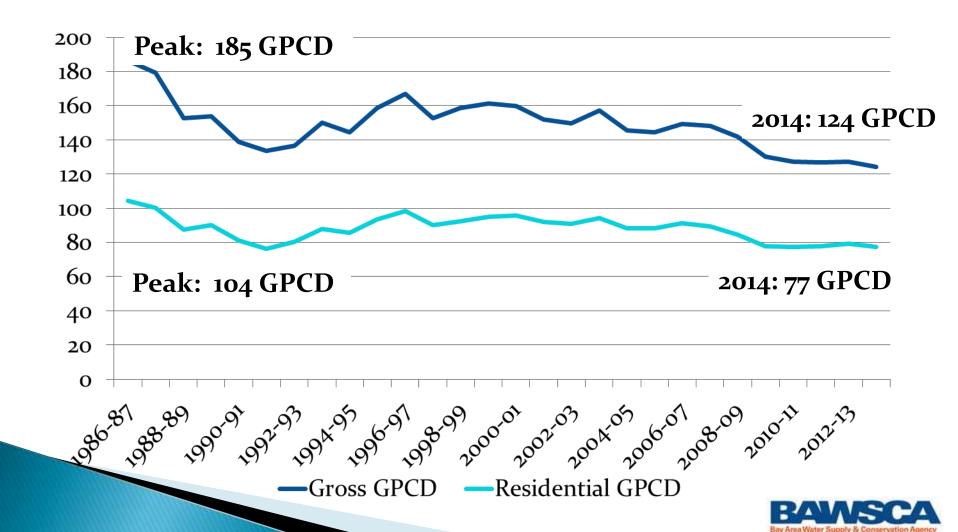
# The Communities Outside SF Rely on the System

BAWSCA agencies rely on the SF Regional Water System for <a href="two-thirds">two-thirds</a> of their total water supplies

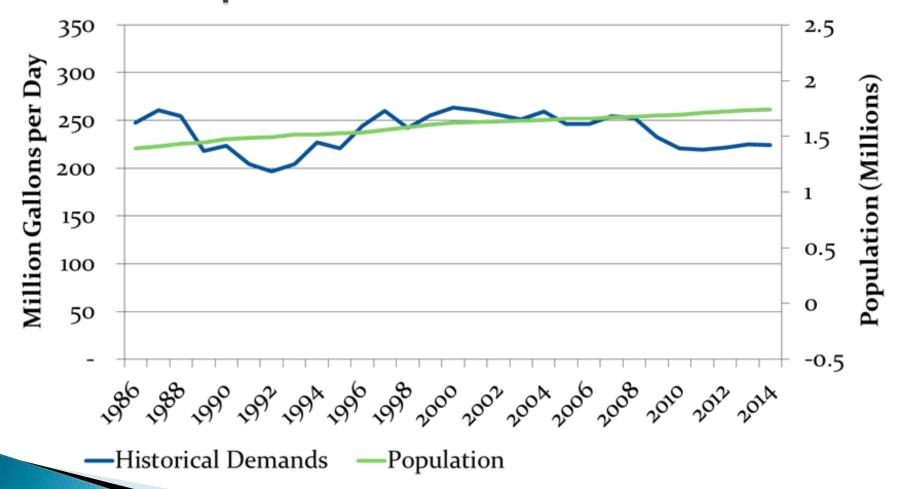




# Per Person Water Use in BAWSCA Service Area Decreasing



## 10% Less Water Used Today in Service Area Despite 25% More People



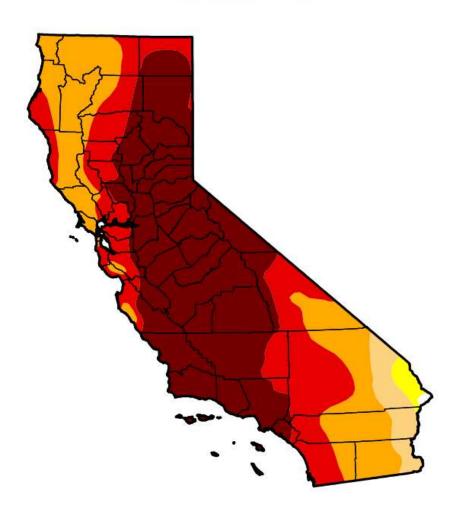




## Drought Update

U.S. Drought Monitor

California



### June 30, 2015

(Released Thursday, Jul. 2, 2015)
Valid 8 a.m. EDT

#### Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	0.14	99.86	98.71	94.59	71.08	46.73
Last Week 6/23/2015	0.14	99.86	98.71	94.59	71.08	46.73
3 Months Ago 3/31/2015	0.15	99.85	98.11	93.44	66.60	41.41
Start of Calendar Year 12/30/2014	0.00	100.00	98.12	94.34	77.94	32.21
Start of Water Year 9/30/2014	0.00	100.00	100.00	95.04	81.92	58.41
One Year Ago 7/1/2014	0.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	78.97	36.46

#### Intensity:



The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. See accompanying text summary for forecast statements.

#### Author:

Brian Fuchs

National Drought Mitigation Center









http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/

### California drought: State water board passes first mandatory urban water limits in state history

By Paul Rogers progers@mercurynews.com

POSTED: 05/05/2015 10:29:52 AM PDT | UPDATED: ABOUT 15 HOURS AGO

28 COMMENTS

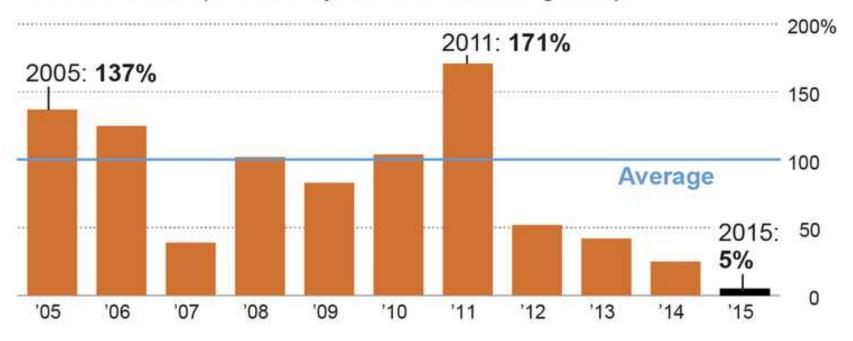




## A Primary Driver for Governor's Action

### California's thin snowpack

Readings taken at about 100 stations Wednesday showed the water content of the Sierra Nevada snowpack was only about 5% of the average for April 1.



Source: California Department of Water Resources

@latimesgraphics



## Reductions Targets Vary Significantly by Water Agency

BAWSCA's Me	Conservation Standard	
<ul> <li>Westborough Water District</li> <li>CalWater – So. San Francisco</li> <li>City of East Palo Alto</li> <li>City of San Bruno</li> <li>City of Daly City</li> </ul>	<ul><li>North Coast County WD</li><li>Coastside County WD</li><li>Redwood City</li><li>City of Hayward</li></ul>	8%
<ul><li>Estero Municipal Improvement Distr</li><li>City of Milpitas</li></ul>	12%	
<ul><li>City of Burlingame</li><li>City of Mountain View</li><li>City of Santa Clara</li><li>City of Sunnyvale</li></ul>	<ul> <li>City of Menlo Park</li> <li>CalWater – Mid-Peninsula</li> <li>City of Millbrae</li> <li>Alameda County Water District</li> </ul>	16%
<ul><li>Mid-Peninsula Water District</li><li>City of San Jose</li></ul>	20%	
City of Palo Alto	24%	
<ul><li>Town of Hillsborough</li><li>CalWater - Bear Gulch</li></ul>	36%	



### Prohibited Uses of Water

### **Prohibited for Everyone**

- Using potable water to wash sidewalks & driveways
  - Runoff when irrigating with potable water
  - · Using hoses with no shutoff nozzles to wash cars
    - Using potable water in decorative water features that do not recirculate the water
    - Using outdoor irrigation during & 48 hours following measurable precipitation
    - · Using potable water to irrigate ornamental turf on public street medians
    - Using potable water to irrigate landscapes of new homes & buildings inconsistent with CBSC & DHCD requirements

### **Required for Water Suppliers**

- Achieve designated conservation standard (4%-36%)
- · Notify customers about leaks that are within the customer's control
- Report on water use, compliance & enforcement

### **Required for Business**

- Restaurants & other food service establishments can only serve water to customers on request
- Hotels & motels must provide guests with the option of not having towels & linens laundered daily

Emergency

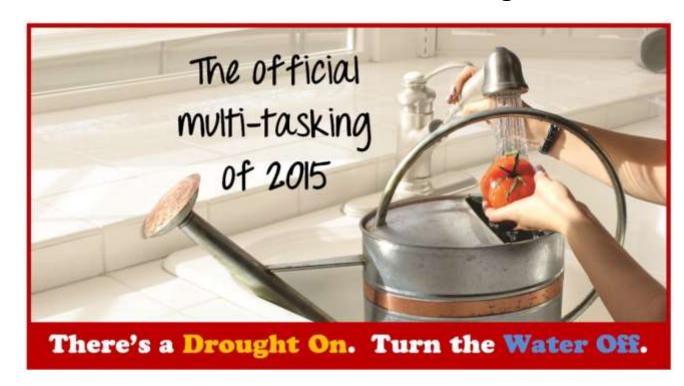
Conservation

Regulation



### What Can Be Done to Conserve?

- BAWSCA offers a variety of programs and information to assist customers in conserving
  - Rebates
  - Education
  - Free stuff





## Ways To Conserve





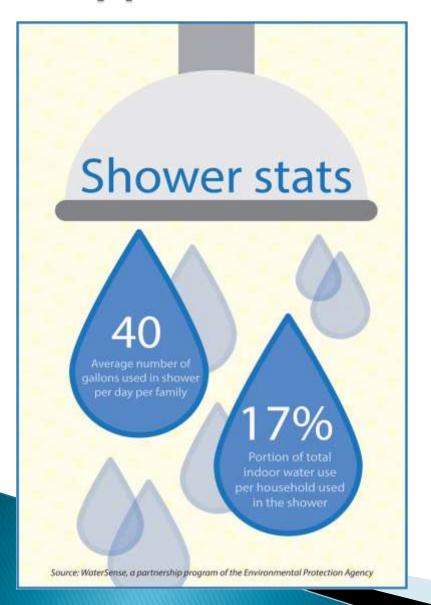
## Biggest Water Users In the Home

Average U.S. Single Family Residential Water Use Landscaping 1% 50% ■ Toilets 10% Laundry 12% Showers **Faucets** Leaks 14% Dishwashing

Source: 2012, Mammoth County Water District



### **Opportunities Indoors at Home**



### Other ways to conserve

- Install low flow showerheads
- Install faucet aerators
- Toilet tank bags
- Don't leave water running in sinks
- Take shorter showers and fewer baths
- Place bucket in the shower



### Low Flow Shower Heads

Standard: 80 PSI, 5-8 gpm

Low Flow. 20 PSI, 1.5-2.0 gpm

### Other Flow Options:

- 1) Flow Control Inserts
- Shower Shut-Off Control Valves







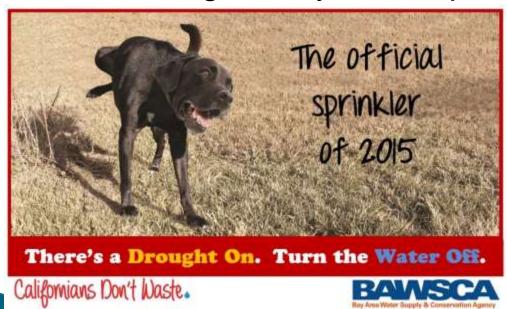
### How to Check the flow:

- Hold a gallon container under shower head.
- Clock the time it takes to fill
- If it fills in 15 seconds, the flow rate is 4 gpm



## Simple Steps to Save Water Outdoors

- Use a broom to clean sidewalks and pavement instead of a hose.
- Hose nozzle with automatic shut-off
- Target your water use in your garden by hand watering exactly in the spots that need it.







## More Simple Steps to Save Water Outdoors

- Water lawns and plants only at night or early morning before dawn to reduce evaporation
  - No more than twice a week during drought
- Test soil moisture before wateringif the top 2 inches feel damp, you do not need to water.
- Follow drought lawn care suggestions





### How To Check for Leaks

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xj2rW0\_titE





## How to Check for Leaks

### **Leak Tests**

### Test 1: the "Pin" Test

You will use the meter to check for leaks in your pipes and appliances. Allow at least 30 minutes for the test.

Step 1 Turn off all water-using fixtures and appliances, both indoors and outdoors.

Step 2 Determine your meter type. There are two types: straight-read and round-read meters.

Straight-read meter



The large hand on the dial or a small triangle is used to test for leaks.

Round-read meter



The "one foot" hand, or blank hand, is used to test for leaks.



Step 3 Place a toothpick or pin on the face of the dial so that it lines up exactly with the hand or

the edge of the triangle.





Step 4 Wait for 30 minutes. Then, before turning on any faucets or hoses, check the dial of the meter to see if the hand has moved.

#### If the hand moved:

There is most likely a leak somewhere on the "house" side of the meter, either in a toilet, a faucet,

or a pipe.

Write the results on the worksheet and go to Test 2, where you will try to locate the leak.





#### If the hand did not move:

There is no leak. Write the result on the worksheet and go to Test 3.

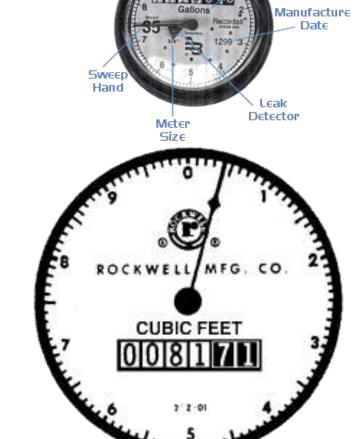




### How to Read Your Meter

### Straight–Reading Meter:

- 1. Read the numbers shown under the words "cubic feet"
  - This meter reads 008171 (total in cubic feet) or 81 units
- 2. If you used 1,200 cubit feet of water during the next billing period, the next reading would be:
  - 008171 + 1200 = 009371 cubit feet or 93 units
- 3. Your bill would be based on the difference between the two readings:
  - 93-81 = 12 units at 748 gallons per unit (8,976)



Numbers

Registration

Units

\*Most water agencies charge in units of 100 cubit feet, so the meter disregards the last two numbers\*

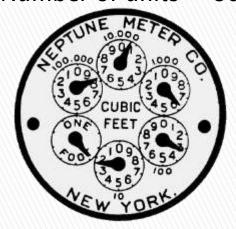


### How to Read Your Meter Cont.

### Round-Reading Meter: Two Styles

### Left

- 1. The "one foot" dial is used for testing
- 2. Read each dial (starting with the "100,000" meter) in a clockwise direction, recording each number.
  - If the hand is between numbers, use the lower
- 3. Here, the numbers read 8, 0, 6, 3, 2 (80,632 cubit feet)
  - Number of units = 806



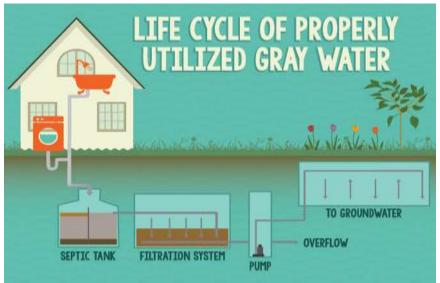
### Right

- 1. The "unmarked" dial is used for testing
- 2. Read each dial left to right in clockwise direction
  - If the hand is between numbers, use the lower
- 3. Here, the numbers read 9, 8, 4, 8, 9 (98,489 cubit feet)
  - Number of units = 984

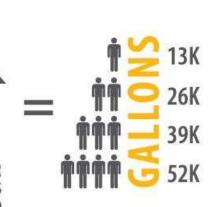




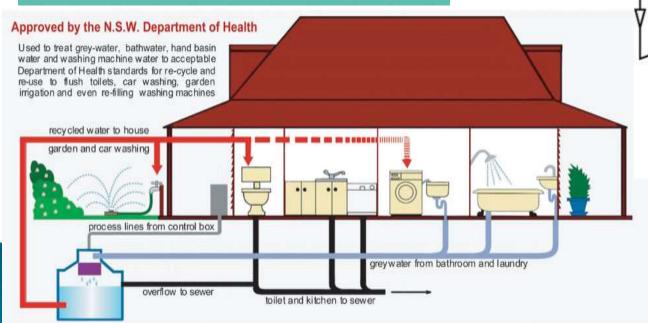
### Graywater

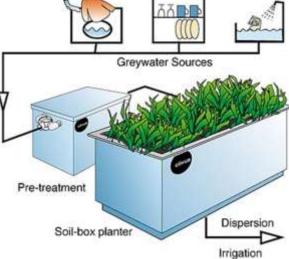


OF INDOOR WATER CAN BE RECYCLED AS GRAYWATER



Source: City of Tucson







### Graywater: Laundry to Landscape

- System Requirements:
  - Graywater must:
    - Be distributed from washing machine to landscape area that is large enough to absorb the water.
    - Not runoff into streets and waterways
    - Be contained on the site where it is generated
    - Be distributed to the subsurface
    - Not be used in overhead (spray) irrigation
    - Not be used to irrigate root crops
    - Not contain any hazardous chemicals
    - Not include a potable water connection



**GRAY WATER** 

### Graywater: Laundry to Landscape Cont.

- The graywater landscape area must be located:
  - 1. Eighteen inches from any property line
  - 2. Two feet from buildings
  - 3. One hundred feet from wells, waterways, or any water sources
  - 4. Five feet from any septic tank
- No surface ponding of graywater
- Valved zone must be of adequate size to receive the graywater anticipated
- Must be designed to prevent clogging of any emitters
- Diversion valve must allow flow to irrigation system
- Designed to prevent contact with humans and pets







### Home Water Use Calculator

How much water do I use? How do I compare? How can I

Conserve?

Home Water Use Calculator

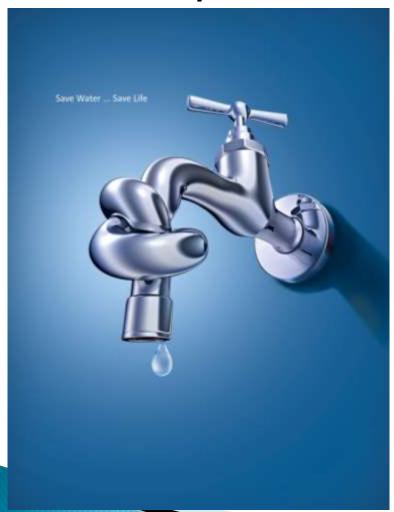


http://www.home-water-works.org/calculator



### What Else?

### How do you conserve at home?









### How to Report Water Waste

- Customers can report violation Monday-Friday during normal business hours (8AM-4:30PM)
  - Call: 650–591–8941
  - Email: <u>mpwd@midpeninsulawater.org</u>
- Our new website launches next month

We will provide a report form under our conservation

page.







# Recommendations & Rebate Opportunities



- High Efficiency Toilet Rebate
  - High Efficiency Clothes Washer Rebate
  - Lawn Be Gone!
  - Rain Barrel Rebate



## High Efficiency Toilet Rebate

BAWSCA and its participating member agencies are offering rebates up to \$125 per toilet if you replace a toilet that uses 1.6 GPF or more with an EPA WaterSense Labeled MaP Premium HET or \$75 per standard HET.







## What Is An HET?

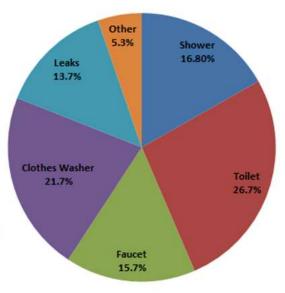


- HET's are modern water-efficient toilets that are designed to use 1.28 GPF or less:
  - Use less water
  - Perform well
  - Remove waste efficiently
- Save up to 13,000 gallons (~ \$110) per year if you replace a toilet that uses 3.5 GPF

For Additional Info: http://www.highefficiencytoilets .org/



### U.S. Indoor Water Use



Source: 1999, WaterSense: American Water Works Association Research Foundation



### What is a MaP Premium HET?

- Map To Maximum Performance
- MaP Premium Residential Models Must:
  - Flush with no more than 4.0 liters (1.1gallons)
    - Saves almost 20% more water compared to the current WaterSense requirement
  - Demonstrate a MaP rating of at least 600 grams of solid waste removed in a single flush
  - Be certified to U.S. EPA WaterSense specifications
- 164 qualified toilet fixtures from 30 different brands

http://www.map-testing.com/





## Who Participates?

Participating Agency	City/Cities They Serve
City of Brisbane	Brisbane
City of Burlingame	Burlingame
Coastside County Water District	Half Moon Bay, El Granada
City of Daly City	Daly City
Estero Municipal Improvement District	Foster City
City of Hayward	Hayward
City of Menlo Park	Menlo Park
Mid-Peninsula Water District	Belmont, some areas of San Carlos, Redwood City, and San Mateo
City of Millbrae	Millbrae
City of Redwood City	Redwood City
City of San Bruno	San Bruno
Westborough Water District	South San Francisco
Alameda County Water District	Fremont, Newark, Union City
Town of Hillsborough	Hillsborough
	City of Burlingame Coastside County Water District City of Daly City Estero Municipal Improvement District City of Hayward City of Menlo Park Mid-Peninsula Water District City of Redwood City City of San Bruno Westborough Water District Alameda County Water District





## **HET Eligibility**

- HET installation and rebate application must be completed within 90 days of purchase date.
- Original receipts must be included.
- HET must be installed within the service area of the water agency that is paying the rebate.
- Applicant must contact local water agency to pre-qualify if applicant is not listed on water service account



## Requirements

- Must replace a toilet that uses 1.6 GPF or more
- Rebates:
  - \$125 per MaP Premium HET (or up to the cost of HET)
  - \$75 per standard HET
- Rebates may take 8 weeks to process (issued as checks or credits on water service account)
- Limit to *three* rebates per living unit / *ten* rebates per commercial account
- All sites are subject to post-installation inspections
- If applicant is not property owner, applicant must submit property owner consent.

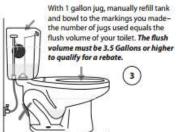


#### Determining Your Existing Toilet's Flush Volume

You must replace a working toilet flushing 3.5 gallons per flush or higher to qualify for a rebate.









#### Selecting a Model

We recommend that you consult with a licensed plumber to select and install your toilets.

It is the responsibility of the applicant to determine the suitability of the site for installation of High-Efficiency Toilets.

#### VERY IMPORTANT:

Manufacturers' toilet model numbers can be confusing. In order to qualify for a rebate, the HET you purchase must match EXACTLY to the model numbers on the List of Qualifying Toilets.

#### **EXAMPLES:**

TOTO CST744E

KOHLER K-3496-HE

TOTO CST744S

KOHLER K-3496

#### **Basic Types Of HETs**

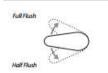
A pressure-assist toilet has a sealed vessel inside the tank that contains air, which becomes pressurized when water from the supply line fills the vessel. When the flush button is pressed, the pressurized air exerts force on the water in the vessel and the water shoots into the bowl, creating a very fast flush that has a "whooshing" sound.

The noise level of a pressure-assist toilet is slightly greater than standard gravity-flush toilets. However, the result is a reliable flush.

Some HETs are also dual-flush, which allows you to select the amount of water that is used to flush the toilet. There are different style buttons and levers that control the toilet flush volume, as seen in the examples to the right.







3

# How to Check Flush Volume

For more information regarding HET application please visit www.bawsca.org





# How To Check Your Toilet Flush Volume



https://www.youtube.c om/watch?v=s2CKJwfe DI0



## Rebate Checklist

### **HET Rebate Application Checklist**

- My old toilet meets the program eligibility rules.
- I called my local water agency to pre-qualify, if required.
- The toilet I purchased is an EPA WaterSense Labeled HET.
- I included my water service account number on the application.
- I completely filled out and signed the application.
- I enclosed the original HET receipt with my rebate application.
- I installed my HET and mailed in the application within 90 days of purchase.



http://bawsca.org/conservation/high-efficiency-toilet-rebate-program/



## Clothes Washer Rebate

Through a partnership with PG&E, BAWSCA and participating member agencies are offering combined water and energy rebates if you purchase a qualifying efficient clothes washer.







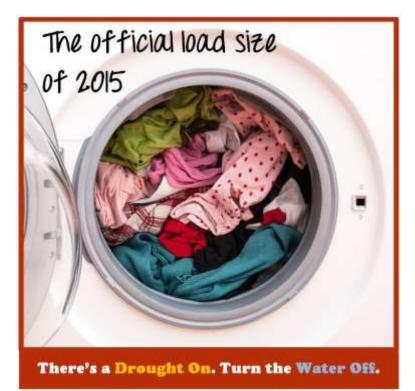


**High-Efficiency Clothes Washer Rebate** 



## Who Participates?

Participating Agency	City/Cities They Serve
City of Brisbane	Brisbane
City of Burlingame	Burlingame
Coastside County Water District	Half Moon Bay, El Granada
City of Daly City	Daly City
City of East Palo Alto	East Palo Alto
Estero Municipal Improvement District	Foster City
City of Hayward	Hayward
Town of Hillsborough	Hillsborough
City of Menlo Park	Menlo Park
Mid-Peninsula Water District	Belmont
City of Millbrae	Millbrae
North Coast County Water District	Pacifica
City of Redwood City	Redwood City
City of San Bruno	San Bruno
Westborough Water District	South San Francisco



Californians Don't Waste.





## How To Apply

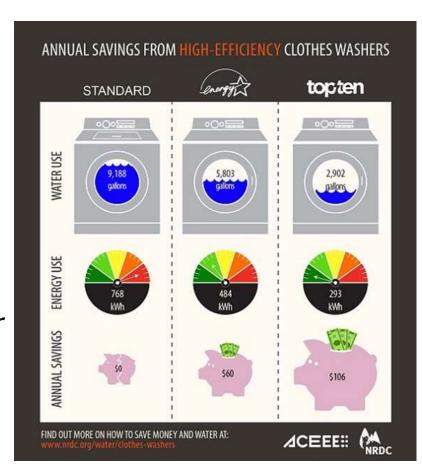
- Read the Terms and Conditions
  - PG&E's rebate of \$50 is added to your participating water agency's rebate of \$100
- Verify that the clothes washer you are going to install qualifies for the rebate
  - \$150 Rebate: Clothes washer must be on Energy Star Most Efficient 2015 Models





## How To Apply

- Purchase and install
  - Ensure product(s) are installed and operational before submitting your application.
- Complete application
  - Apply by mail or online at waterenergysavings.com
  - You will need to refer to your PG&E bill and proof of purchase
  - Include copy of proof of purchase, keep originals





## **How To Apply**

- Mail your completed application as soon as possible.
  - Rebates are limited and awarded on a first-come, firstserve basis
- All rebate applications must be postmarked or received online NO LATER than 60 days after purchase date.
  - Limit one water agency rebate per five-year period
- Rebate checks may take 6 to 8 weeks to process







# Examples of Qualifying Washing Machines

Qualifies for \$150 Rebate

Make: LG

Model: WM4270H\*A



Qualifies for \$150 Rebate

Make: GE

Model: GFWR4805F



Qualifies for \$150 Rebate

Make: Samsung

Model: WF56H91\*C



For complete list of qualifying washers, visit: Waterenergysavings.com



## Lawn Be Gone!

## Get paid to transform your landscaping!

BAWSCA and participating member agencies are offering rebates to approved customers that convert water-thirsty lawns to water efficient landscaping.











# Who Participates?

Participating Agency	City/Cities They Serve
City of Daly City	Daly City
Coastside County Water District	El Granada, Half Moon Bay
Estero Municipal Improvement District	Foster City
City of Menlo Park	Menlo Park
Mid-Peninsula Water District	Belmont, portions of San Carlos, Redwood City, San Mateo
North Coast County Water District	Pacifica
City of Redwood City	Redwood City
City of San Bruno	San Bruno





## How Do You Qualify?

- An applicant must be a customer of a participating BAWSCA member agency.
- A minimum of 200 square feet of lawn must be converted.
- The pre-conversion landscape must be irrigated lawn with working irrigation system
  - Must be from potable water source
- After pre-qualification, the applicant must receive a Notice to Proceed from a participating BAWSCA member agency.





## How Do You Qualify?









- Pre and Post Conversion inspections are required.
- If applicant is not the property owner, written permission from property owner is required.
- A proposed site plan must be submitted prior to the start of the project



PRELIMINARY CONCEPTUAL LANDSCAPE DESIGN



## Example Plant List



BAWSCA Lawn Rebate program

Ruth Redwood City, CA 94062

Proposed Plant List: Achillea millefolium Agave Blue Flame Agave gemnifolia Aloe Johnson Hybrid Anigozanthus Red Cross Arbutus Marina Arctostaphylos pajaroensis 'Paradise' Berberis thunbergii Camelia sasangua Setsugekka Ceanothus Cercis occidentalis Fremontodendron californicum Lavendula munstead Muhlenbergia rigens Olea europea "little ollie" Penstemon gloxinoides Phormium cultivar Romneya coulteri Rosa rugosa Salvia Sedum Westringia



## Rebate Amounts

- Most agencies offer \$1.00 per square foot of converted lawn
  - MPWD offers \$2.00 per square foot







- There is no maximum rebate amount
- Receipts are required for all landscaping materials (does not include labor, rentals, or tools)
- Rebate may take up to 8 weeks to process

## Project Requirements



- The converted area must contain at least 50% low water use plants
  - Choose from BAWSCA's approved plant list
- Permeable hardscape includes: pavers, bricks, flagstone set in sand, gravel, or decomposed granite

http://bawsca.org/conservation/lawn-be-gone/



## Project Requirements

- Existing irrigation system within converted area must be capped in place, converted to drip irrigation, or removed.
  - Must include pressure regulator
- All exposed soil surfaces must have at least a 3 inch layer of mulch



**Note**: BAWSCA and their member water agencies reserve the right to deny a rebate to any applicant that does not meet the program requirements



## **Drought Restrictions**

- Program will not permit plant installations during the dry season
  - July 1<sup>st</sup> October 15<sup>th</sup>
- Only plants purchased after October 15<sup>th</sup> will be eligible for the rebate
- Notice to Proceed will specify the date where plant installation may commence.
- Customers are encouraged to complete sheet mulching upon receipt of notice to proceed







## Non-Qualifying Projects

- Impermeable surfaces such as concrete, bricks, or flagstone mortared into place
- Non-biodegradable weed-block material
- Overhead spray / sprinkler systems
- Artificial turf installations
- High water use plants
- Trees





# **Artificial Turf Facts**

While artificial turf requires less water than a natural turf lawn, there are healthier and more ecologically sound alternatives that we would like to promote.

Artificial Turf

- Artificial Turf <u>Does Not</u>:
  - Increase biodiversity
  - Provide habitat
  - Foster healthy soils
  - Sequester Carbon or produce oxygen

- Artificial Turf Environmental Concerns:
  - Runoff contains pollutants like heavy metals and chemicals
  - Short life-span: 10-20 years and eventually end up in landfills
  - Water is needed to clean and cool turf







## Steps to Apply

Read Terms & Conditions

Submit Application & Plant List Pre-Conversion Site Inspection

STEP 1

STEP 2

STEP 3

Notice to Proceed

Post-Conversion Site Inspection Rebate Processed within 8 weeks

STEP 4

STEP 5

STEP 6



## Rebate Checklist

#### **BAWSCA Water-Efficient Landscape Rebate Program**

#### **Applicant Checklist**

### Follow this checklist to make sure you're on track to get your rebate: Did you review the Terms & Conditions and Frequently Asked Questions? Was a Pre-Conversion Site Inspection performed by BAWSCA Member Agency staff? Did you select your plants from BAWSCA's Approved Plant List, or receive prior approval from a BAWSCA Member Agency for low water use plants not included on the Plant List? Did you submit your Application to BAWSCA? Did you include a copy of your plant list with your Application? Did you receive a Notice To Proceed letter from a BAWSCA Member Agency? Were the sprinklers within the Converted Area removed and capped off? If the Converted Area has an irrigation system, is it a drip system? If the Converted Area has an irrigation system, does it have a pressure regulator and wye filter? Did you confirm that no sprinklers are installed on the drip system valve in the Converted Area? Are the new plants installed in the Converted Area on BAWSCA's Approved Plant List, or previously approved by a BAWSCA Member Agency? Is there at least 50 percent plant cover in the Converted Area? Is a minimum 3-inch mulch layer installed on all bare soil areas within the Converted Area? Was a Post-Conversion Site Inspection performed by BAWSCA Member Agency staff?





# Water Efficient Landscape Classes

BAWSCA offers Free Landscape Education Classes in the Spring and Fall of each year.

Classes are designed to introduce homeowners, commercial property managers, landscape service providers, and others to concepts of water efficient and sustainable landscaping.



## Registration is Required Go to <u>www.bawsca.ora</u> to register!

### BAWSCA's FREE classroom lectures and hands-on workshops focus on:

- Sustainable Landscaping
  - Understanding Water-Use Efficiency in the Landscape
  - o Use of CA Native and Drought Tolerant Plants
  - o Creating Healthy Soil
- · Alternatives to Lawn
- Habitat Gardening
- Edible Landscaping
- Water-Efficient Imgation Practices
- Parent/Child Gardening Activities

#### BAWSCA's Hands-on Workshops Provide Lasting Value







www.BayAreaGardening.org



## Drought Survival: Lawn Care

Here are a few tips to help you reduce your water use while managing your landscaping during the drought.

### Watering a Lawn During a Drought:

- Limit watering to two days per week
- Use the "cycle and soak" method
- Check your sprinkler heads regularly
- Install high efficiency rotating nozzles
- Water between midnight & 6am
- Watch your lawn rather than a calendar
- Hand-water small dry spots
- Apply less water to shaded areas



### **Maintain a Lawn During a Drought:**

- Mow lawns to 2.5 3 inches high
- Use a lawn aerator
- Reduce fertilization
- Minimize foot traffic
- Leave clippings on the lawn



## Additional Resources

- Permeable Pavement
- Bay Friendly Landscaping and Gardening
- Soil & Mulching
- Planning
- Sheet Mulching
- Bay Friendly Guide to Mulch
- California Invasive Plant Council
- Lose the lawn: 21 inspiring yards



Links to these Resources can be found on the BAWSCA website



## Rain Barrel Rebates

Save Water
Reduce Runoff and Pollution
Collect Pure Rainwater for Your
Garden

In partnership with the San Mateo Countywide Water Pollution Prevention Program, BAWSCA and participating member agencies are offering rebates of up to \$100 per rain barrel for the purchase and installation of qualifying rain barrels.

Rainwater catchment rule of thumb:

1,000 square feet of roof surface captures 625 gallons of water for every 1 inch of rain that falls



SAN MATEO COUNTYWIDE

Water Pollution Prevention Program



# Who Participates?

Participating Agencies	City/Cities They Serve
City of Brisbane	Brisbane
City of Hayward	Hayward
Mid-Peninsula Water District	Belmont, some areas of San Carlos, Redwood City, and San Mateo
City of Millbrae	Millbrae
City of Redwood City	Redwood City
North Coast County Water District	Pacifica
Alameda County Water District	Fremont, Newark, Union City
City of Sunnyvale	Sunnyvale





# To Qualify for Rain Barrel Rebate:

- Rain barrel must be installed in San Mateo County or within participating BAWSCA agency service area
- Rain barrel application must be postmarked within 90 days or purchase date
- Original purchase receipt must be submitted
- Rain barrels must be purchased between July 1, 2015 and June 30, 2016



## To Qualify for Rain Barrel Rebate:

- Post installation photos must be included with application
  - At least two clear photos of each barrel, take from at least two directions, must be submitted, showing downspout connections, secured lid and overflow valve
- Post installation inspection my be required depending on the participating water agency





## Rebate Amounts

- Up to \$100 per 50 gallons of storage capacity, or up to the total cost of the rain barrel, whichever is less:
  - \$50 from MPWD/local water agency
  - \$50 from San Mateo County
- Rebates may take up to 8 weeks to process



- Limit of two rebates per single-family residential
- Limit of four rebates per multi-family resident/commercial



Rain Barrel Requirements

- Qualifying rain barrels must be:
  - A minimum size of 50 gallons
  - Designed for the intended purpose of rain capture
- Rain barrel must have:
  - A secure lid for child safety
  - Rust-proof screening or sealed designs for vector control (mosquito, rodent) and debris control
- Rain barrel must be algae and UVresistant or specially constructed sun barriers must be used





## Installation Requirements

- Rain barrel must be connected to an effective means of capturing concentrated flow from impervious surfaces:
  - Ex: rain gutter downspout, rain chain



- Rain barrel must not be connected to the potable water system
- Collected rainwater must be utilized via a hose or bucket <u>only</u>





## Installation Requirements

- Rain barrel must be placed on a solid and level foundation
- Rain barrel must not block or restrict access to walkways or pathways
- No copper materials potential leaching concerns
- Overflow pipe must be directed away from adjacent properties
- Rain barrel must be maintained for a minimum of 3 years
- Participants must allow BAWSCA to reference project and use photos





Do It Yourself



Bay Area Stormwater Management Agencies

### How Much Storage is Recommended?

The number of rain barrels recommended to capture runoff from a given roof (or other impervious area) is shown in the following table.





Roof or Impervious Area (sq. ft.)	Suggested Minimum Number of 55 Gallon Rain Barrels*
Up to 750	1-2
750 - 1,250	2-3
1,250 - 1,750	3-4
1,750 - 2,250**	4-5

<sup>\*</sup> Or equivalent capture using larger rain barrels or a cistern.

<sup>\*\*</sup> To harvest rainwater from an area greater than 2,250 sq. ft. install 1 additional rain barrel per each additional 500 sq. ft.



## Use It Right



- USE DIRECTLY ON LANDSCAPE ONLY:
  - Rain barrels <u>must not</u> be connected to supply water system
    - This is to prevent untreated water from mixing with public supply
    - Only hook a garden hose or isolated drip irrigation system to the outlet of your barrel – apply to landscape directly
- ONLY DIVERT RAIN WATER INTO BARREL:
  - Do not divert "grey water" into barrel (risk of bacteria)
- DO NOT DRINK WATER FROM YOUR RAIN BARREL:
  - It is not recommended to use water for vegetable gardens
- PREVENT MOSQUITOES:
  - Ensure your barrel has a secured mesh screen (check regularly)



## Do It Yourself

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2f-CwmLZYaY









## Do It Yourself

- Operation and Maintenance
  - Regularly check the gutters and gutter guards to make sure debris is not entering the rainwater harvesting system
  - Inspect screens prior to wet season to ensure there are no holes allowing mosquitoes to enter the barrel.
    - Inspect more frequently if there are trees that drop debris on the roof
  - Clean rain barrel once a year, preferably at the end of the dry season



## Rebate Checklist

## BAWSCA Rain Barrel Rebate Program Applicant Checklist

- ☐ I installed a rain barrel in San Mateo County OR in a participating BAWSCA water agency service area
- ☐ The rain barrel I purchased meets the program requirements
- ☐ The rain barrel is installed consistent with the program requirements
- I completely filled out and signed my applications
- ☐ I enclosed the original rain barrel receipt with my rebate application
- ☐ I included two post-installation photos with my rebate application
- ☐ I installed my rain barrel and mailed the application within 90 days of purchase



http://bawsca.org/conservation/rain-barrel-rebate-program/



## Water Conservation Benefits Everyone

- Increased water system reliability
- Solution to meet planned needs of community
- Reduced water and energy costs
- Promotes efficient use of resources
- Benefits the environment & community sustainability

If Everyone Saves A Little, We Can All Save A Lot

EVELYOHIE DAVES A LILLIE, WE GAIL All DAVE A LUI





# Visit <a href="www.BAWSCA.org">www.BAWSCA.org</a> for More Ways to Save

Andree Johnson ajohnson@bawsca.org 650-349-3000

Kyle Ramey <a href="mailto:kramey@bawsca.org">kramey@bawsca.org</a> 650-599-1459





## Free Stuff!

- Conservation Kits
  - Shower head, aerators, water diverters, etc.
- Toilet Tank Banks
- Dye Tabs
- Water Bottles
- Landscape Water Use Efficiency Brochures
- Home Water Saving Tips Wheel
- Shower Timers
- Other Novelty Items
- Moisture Meters







All of these items can be found on the table in the back!

